

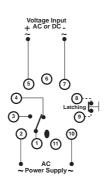
#### Voltage Monitoring Relay Single Phase AC (rms) / DC

# **SP 201**



#### WIRING EXAMPLE

(requires optional S3-B base)

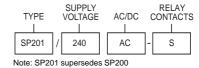


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### Application Examples

- · Automatic control for the charging cycle of battery chargers.
- Monitoring voltage on Tachogenerators for over-speed.
- Monitoring the discrimination voltage between neutral and earth to ensure that the neutral does not 'float'.
- Monitoring voltage supplies from voltage transformers in control panels.
- Monitoring the battery voltage on underground locomotives for recharging purposes.
- Monitoring system trip circuits on high voltage switchgear.
- Monitoring conditions of fuses which are not accessible.

ORDERING CODE



Range

0-600V

### Technical Specification

**Power Supply:** 

AC: 12, 24, 110, 240 (ie. 220-240), 400, 415, 525V ±15% DC: 10-30V, 48, 60, 110V ± 15% (no galvanic isolation)

#### Response:

Time delay on trip: adjustable from 0,1 to 10 seconds. Latching disabled during power-up: approx. 10 seconds.

#### Voltage Input:

Repetitive accuracy: 1%.

Hysteresis: 5% to 30%

500k ohm

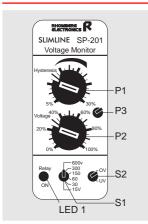
Impedance

Input

Max. Input

Voltage

### Description of Controls



- P1: **Hysteresis** ie. the difference between the tripping point and the recovery point is set between 5% and 30% on P1. (Hysteresis relates to the setpoint of P2)
- P2: The Voltage Threshold
  (tripping point) is adjusted on
  P2. Maximum setting of 100%
  corresponds with the voltage
  level set on S1.
- P3: Adjustable Time Delay on Trip is set on P3 from 0,1 to 10 seconds.

- S1: **The Voltage Range** is set on S1.
- S2: Function Selection is provided by S2. If set to "OV" the unit operates as an over-voltage detector. If set to "UV" the unit operates as an under-voltage detector.
- LED 1:The LED illuminates to indicate that the relay is energised. The LED will be off if the unit registers a fault condition (overvoltage/under-voltage) or the power supply to the unit is interrupted.

## Operational Diagrams

