

#### **Tachometer Relay**

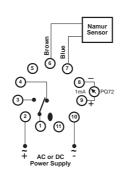
Pulse input via Namur sensor or via potential-free contact

**SC 320** 



#### WIRING EXAMPLE

(requires optional S3-B base)

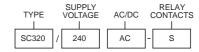


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## Application Examples

- · Back-up system for tacho generators on mine hoists
- Over-speed detection on mine loco's, fork lift trucks etc.
- Sequence starting on interdependent conveyor belts
- Starter motor disabling on diesel engines
- Conveyor belt slip detection
- Conveyor belt tearing detection
- Indication of production speed or manufacturing feed rates
- Indication of rotational speed
- Low power signal to DIN 19234
- Supply voltages from 12VDC up to 525VAC.

ORDERING CODE



#### Technical Specification

**Power Supply:** 

AC: 12, 24, 110, 240 (ie. 220-240), 400, 415, 525V ±15%

Isolation (sensor input to power supply): 2kV

DC: 10-30V, 48, 60, 110V ± 15%

Isolation (sensor input to power supply): no galvanic isolation.

**Proximity Sensor Input:** 

Type: NAMUR (DIN 19234) eg. Rhomberg RI0-1805F

Short circuit current: 20 mA DC

Open circuit voltage: 8.2 VDC Hysteresis: 10% (fixed)

**Start-up delay:** approx 10 sec (0-15 sec avail. on special order)

Analogue output: 0-1mA (prop) (4-20mA available on special order, or refer to C320P relay) Maximum load: 7k ohm Accuracy: 5% of full scale 
 Range
 Response time [sec]

 10-100
 10

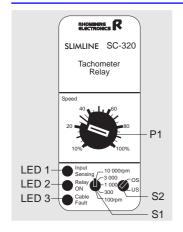
 30-300
 10

 100-1000
 1

 300-3000
 1

 1000-10000
 1

## Description of Controls



- P1: The Over-speed/Under-speed
  Threshold is adjusted on P1. Maximum
  - setting of 100% corresponds with the speed selected on S1.
- S1: The RPM Speed Range is set on S1.
- S2: The Mode of Operation is set on S2. If set to "OS" the unit operates as an over-speed detector. If set to "US" the unit provides under-speed detection.
- LED 1: The LED marked "Input Sensing" illuminates when the NAMUR sensor detects a target. It also illuminates if the sensor is disconnected or the sensor leads are severed (open circuit).
- LED 2: The LED marked "Relay ON" illuminates when the relay is energised.
- LED 3: The LED marked "Cable Fault" illuminates when:
  - a short circuit occurs on the sensor leads.
  - an open circuit occurs on the sensor leads or the sensor is disconnected.

Note: An Open Circuit condition will cause both LED1 as well as LED 3 to illuminate.

A Short Circuit condition will cause only LED 3 to illuminate.

# Operational Diagrams

